Package: piecemaker (via r-universe)

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Title Tools for Preparing Text for Tokenizers
Version 1.0.2.9000
Description Tokenizers break text into pieces that are more usable by machine learning models. Many tokenizers share some preparation steps. This package provides those shared steps, along with a simple tokenizer.
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Description

This is an extremely simple tokenizer that simply splits text on spaces. It also optionally applies the cleaning processes from prepare_text.

Usage

```
prepare_and_tokenize(text, prepare = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

text A character vector to clean. prepare Logical; should the text be passed through prepare_text? Arguments passed on to prepare_text . . . squish_whitespace Logical scalar; squish whitespace characters (using str_squish)? remove_control_characters Logical scalar; remove control characters? remove_replacement_characters Logical scalar; remove the "replacement character", U-FFFD? remove_diacritics Logical scalar; remove diacritical marks (accents, etc) from characters? space_cjk Logical scalar; add spaces around Chinese/Japanese/Korean ideographs? space_punctuation Logical scalar; add spaces around punctuation (to make it easier to keep punctuation during tokenization)? remove_terminal_hyphens Logical; should hyphens at the end of lines after a word be removed? For example, "un-\nbroken" would become "unbroken". space_hyphens Logical; treat hyphens between letters and at the start/end of words as punctuation? Other hyphens are always treated as punctuation. space_abbreviations Logical; treat apostrophes between letters as punctuation? Other apostrophes are always treated as punctuation.

Value

The text as a list of character vectors. Each element of each vector is roughly equivalent to a word.

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Examples

```
prepare_and_tokenize("This is some text.")
prepare_and_tokenize("This is some text.", space_punctuation = FALSE)
```

prepare_text

Prepare Text for Tokenization

Description

This function combines the other functions in this package to prepare text for tokenization. The text gets converted to valid UTF-8 (if possible), and then various cleaning functions are applied.

Usage

```
prepare_text(
   text,
   squish_whitespace = TRUE,
   remove_terminal_hyphens = TRUE,
   remove_control_characters = TRUE,
   remove_replacement_characters = TRUE,
   remove_diacritics = TRUE,
   space_cjk = TRUE,
   space_punctuation = TRUE,
   space_hyphens = TRUE,
   space_abbreviations = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

space_punctuation

```
text A character vector to clean.

squish_whitespace

Logical scalar; squish whitespace characters (using str_squish)?

remove_terminal_hyphens

Logical; should hyphens at the end of lines after a word be removed? For example, "un-\nbroken" would become "unbroken".

remove_control_characters

Logical scalar; remove control characters?

remove_replacement_characters

Logical scalar; remove the "replacement character", U-FFFD?

remove_diacritics

Logical scalar; remove diacritical marks (accents, etc) from characters?

space_cjk

Logical scalar; add spaces around Chinese/Japanese/Korean ideographs?
```

Logical scalar; add spaces around punctuation (to make it easier to keep punctuation during tokenization)?

space_hyphens Logical; treat hyphens between letters and at the start/end of words as punctuation? Other hyphens are always treated as punctuation.

space_abbreviations

Logical; treat apostrophes between letters as punctuation? Other apostrophes are always treated as punctuation.

Value

The character vector, cleaned as specified.

Examples

```
piece1 <- " This is a \n\nfa\xE7ile\n\n example.\n"
# Specify encoding so this example behaves the same on all systems.
Encoding(piece1) <- "latin1"
example_text <- paste(
    piece1,
    "It has the bell character, \a, and the replacement character,",
    intToUtf8(65533)
)
prepare_text(example_text)
prepare_text(example_text, squish_whitespace = FALSE)
prepare_text(example_text, remove_control_characters = FALSE)
prepare_text(example_text, remove_replacement_characters = FALSE)
prepare_text(example_text, remove_diacritics = FALSE)</pre>
```

remove_control_characters

Remove Non-Character Characters

Description

Unicode includes several control codes, such as U+0000 (NULL, used in null-terminated strings) and U+000D (carriage return). This function removes all such characters from text.

Usage

```
remove_control_characters(text)
```

Arguments

text

A character vector to clean.

Details

Note: We highly recommend that you first condense all space-like characters (including new lines) before removing control codes. You can easily do so with str_squish. We also recommend validating text at the start of any cleaning process using validate_utf8.

remove_diacritics 5

Value

The character vector without control characters.

Examples

```
remove_control_characters("Line 1\nLine2")
```

remove_diacritics

Remove Diacritical Marks on Characters

Description

Accent characters and other diacritical marks are often difficult to type, and thus can be missing from text. To normalize the various ways a user might spell a word that should have a diacritical mark, you can convert all such characters to their simpler equivalent character.

Usage

```
remove_diacritics(text)
```

Arguments

text

A character vector to clean.

Value

The character vector with simpler character representations.

Examples

```
# This text can appear differently between machines if we aren't careful, so
# we explicitly encode the desired characters.
sample_text <- "fa\u00e7ile r\u00e9sum\u00e9"
sample_text
remove_diacritics(sample_text)</pre>
```

space_cjk

```
remove_replacement_characters
```

Remove the Unicode Replacement Character

Description

The replacement character, U+FFFD, is used to mark characters that could not be loaded. These characters might be a sign of encoding issues, so it is advisable to investigate and try to eliminate any cases in your text, but in the end these characters will almost definitely confuse downstream processes.

Usage

```
remove_replacement_characters(text)
```

Arguments

text

A character vector to clean.

Value

The character vector with replacement characters removed.

Examples

```
remove_replacement_characters(
  paste(
    "The replacement character:",
    intToUtf8(65533)
 )
)
```

space_cjk

Add Spaces Around CJK Ideographs

Description

To tokenize Chinese, Japanese, and Korean (CJK) characters, it's convenient to add spaces around the characters.

Usage

```
space_cjk(text)
```

Arguments

text

A character vector to clean.

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Value

A character vector the same length as the input text, with spaces added between ideographs.

Examples

```
to_space <- intToUtf8(13312:13320)
to_space
space_cjk(to_space)</pre>
```

space_punctuation

Add Spaces Around Punctuation

Description

To keep punctuation during tokenization, it's convenient to add spacing around punctuation. This function does that, with options to keep certain types of punctuation together as part of the word.

Usage

```
space_punctuation(text, space_hyphens = TRUE, space_abbreviations = TRUE)
```

Arguments

text A character vector to clean.

space_hyphens Logical; treat hyphens between letters and at the start/end of words as punctua-

tion? Other hyphens are always treated as punctuation.

space_abbreviations

Logical; treat apostrophes between letters as punctuation? Other apostrophes

are always treated as punctuation.

Value

A character vector the same length as the input text, with spaces added around punctuation characters.

Examples

```
to_space <- "This is some 'gosh-darn' $5 text. Isn't it lovely?"
to_space
space_punctuation(to_space)
space_punctuation(to_space, space_hyphens = FALSE)
space_punctuation(to_space, space_abbreviations = FALSE)</pre>
```

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squish_whitespace

Remove Extra Whitespace

Description

This function is mostly a wrapper around str_squish, with the additional option to remove hyphens at the ends of lines.

Usage

```
squish_whitespace(text, remove_terminal_hyphens = TRUE)
```

Arguments

text A character vector to clean.

remove_terminal_hyphens

Logical; should hyphens at the end of lines after a word be removed? For example, "un-\nbroken" would become "unbroken".

Value

The character vector with spacing at the start and end removed, and with internal spacing reduced to a single space character each.

Examples

```
sample_text <- "This had many space char-\\nacters."
squish_whitespace(sample_text)</pre>
```

tokenize_space

Break Text at Spaces

Description

This is an extremely simple tokenizer, breaking only and exactly on the space character. This tokenizer is intended to work in tandem with prepare_text, so that spaces are cleaned up and inserted as necessary before the tokenizer runs. This function and prepare_text are combined together in prepare_and_tokenize.

Usage

```
tokenize_space(text)
```

Arguments

text

A character vector to clean.

validate_utf8

Value

The text as a list of character vectors (one vector per element of text). Each element of each vector is roughly equivalent to a word.

Examples

```
tokenize_space("This is some text.")
```

validate_utf8

Clean Up Text to UTF-8

Description

Text cleaning works best if the encoding is known. This function attempts to convert text to UTF-8 encoding, and provides an informative error if that is not possible.

Usage

```
validate_utf8(text)
```

Arguments

text

A character vector to clean.

Value

The text with formal UTF-8 encoding, if possible.

Examples

```
text <- "fa\xE7ile"
# Specify the encoding so the example is the same on all systems.
Encoding(text) <- "latin1"
validate_utf8(text)</pre>
```

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